Claims:

1. A method of removing a photoresist layer comprising:

positioning a substrate comprising a photoresist layer into a processing chamber;

removing the photoresist layer using a plasma; and monitoring the plasma for a hydrogen optical emission during the process.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the photoresist layer comprises a hardened crust layer.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the photoresist layer is implanted with an implant species.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the photoresist layer has been exposed to ions.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the photoresist layer has been exposed to an electron beam.
- 6. The method of claim 2 wherein the monitoring step produces a signal having a first level while etching the crust and produces a signal having a second level after the crust has been removed.
- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrogen optical emission occurs at a wavelength of about 656 nm.
- The method of claim 1 further comprising:
 monitoring the plasma for an oxygen optical emission while etching.
- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein the oxygen optical emission occurs at a wavelength of about 777 nm.

10. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

stopping the etching upon the hydrogen optical emission obtaining a predetermined level.

11. The method of claim 8 further comprising:

stopping the etching upon either the hydrogen optical emission obtaining a first level or the oxygen optical emission obtaining a second level, or both.

- 12. The method of claim 2 further comprising:
 - monitoring the plasma for an oxygen optical emission while etching.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the oxygen optical emission monitoring step produces an oxygen optical emission signal having a first level while etching the crust and a second level after the crust is removed.
- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein the oxygen optical emission signal has a third level after the photoresist is removed.
- 15. The method of claim 8 wherein the hydrogen optical emission is correlated with the oxygen optical emission.
- 16. A method of etching a photoresist layer comprising:

providing a substrate comprising a photoresist layer to a process chamber:

etching the photoresist layer using a plasma; and

monitoring the plasma for both a hydrogen optical emission and an oxygen optical emission while etching.

- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein the photoresist layer comprises a crust.
- 18. The method of claim 16 wherein the photoresist layer is implanted with an implant species.

- 19. The method of claim 16, wherein the photoresist layer is implanted with at least one of As, B, BF₂, BF₄, P, In, Sb or H.
- 20. The method of claim 16 wherein the photoresist layer has been exposed to an ion beam.
- 21. The method of claim 16 wherein the hydrogen optical emission occurs at a wavelength of about 656 nm.
- 22. The method of claim 16 wherein the oxygen optical emission occurs at a wavelength of about 777 nm.
- 23. The method of claim 16 further comprising:

stopping the etching upon either the hydrogen optical emission obtaining a first level or the oxygen optical emission obtaining a second level, or both.

- 24. The method of claim 16 wherein the oxygen optical emission monitoring step produces an oxygen optical emission signal having a first level while etching the crust and a second level after the crust is removed, and wherein the hydrogen optical emission monitoring step produces a hydrogen optical emission signal having a third level while etching the crust and a fourth level after the crust is removed.
- 25. The method of claim 16 wherein the oxygen optical emission signal has a fifth level after the photoresist is removed.
- 26. The method of claim 16 wherein the hydrogen optical emission is correlated with the oxygen optical emission.